STUDENT-CENTERED FUNDING ROADMAP FOR POLICYMAKERS
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BRIEFS IN THIS SERIES
Reason’s series of policy briefs on the Student-Centered Funding Roadmap for Policymakers includes:

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- Streamline: Allocate Education Dollars Strategically
- Equalize: Put All Kids on a Level Playing Field
- Empower: Put Families and School Leaders in the Driver's Seat
- Inform: Give Stakeholders the Information They Need to Make Sound Decisions
School finance policy is the bedrock of education systems. Not only does it determine how much funding each community receives, but it also governs many aspects of how districts and schools organize themselves and their learning environments—reaching each child directly. But when there are cracks in the foundation, dollars aren’t used as effectively as they could be to meet the unique needs of kids. A faulty foundation can also fund children unfairly and place important education decisions in the hands of those further away from classrooms. To address these problems, states should move away from antiquated models by adopting student-centered funding, which has several key advantages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OUTDATED FUNDING MODELS</th>
<th>STUDENT-CENTERED FUNDING MODEL</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✗ Funding is based on programs and resources</td>
<td>✓ Funding is based on student enrollment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗ Funding accounts for district needs</td>
<td>✓ Funding accounts for student needs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗ Local property wealth affects funding levels</td>
<td>✓ Funding has no relation to property wealth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗ Dollars have strings attached</td>
<td>✓ Dollars are flexible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗ Requires a compliance mindset</td>
<td>✓ Encourages a strategic mindset</td>
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<td>✗ Dollars are fixed</td>
<td>✓ Dollars can be unbundled</td>
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<tr>
<td>✗ Important financial data are difficult to obtain</td>
<td>✓ Robust financial transparency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗ Education is determined by zip code</td>
<td>✓ Families are empowered with options</td>
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To realize these benefits, state policymakers must pursue four separate policy goals to fully adopt student-centered funding. These can be adopted separately over time or as a part of a comprehensive funding overhaul.

**#1 Streamline:** Allocate education dollars based on students’ needs using a weighted-student formula

Most school finance formulas contain arbitrary and restrictive provisions that cause inequities and limit local discretion. A weighted student formula streamlines funding, ensuring dollars are delivered fairly while giving educators flexibility to align spending with students’ needs. The concept is simple: a per-pupil foundational allotment is established for regular program students and weights are added to this amount for selected categories of need such as poverty, English language learner, and special education.
California’s Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) streamlined more than 30 categorical grants into a single WSF, which a study by Education Trust-West found to have helped drive substantial improvements in equity.

**#2 Equalize:** Determine funding levels based on students, not property wealth or zip code.

In many states, local property tax revenue causes funding disparities across districts. Not only does this put kids on an uneven playing field, but it can also make it difficult to implement open enrollment programs that give families options across district boundaries. It also means that charter schools, which typically don’t have access to local revenue, can be at a substantial financial disadvantage. There are several ways policymakers can equalize funding, such as replacing local property taxes with a statewide levy, limiting what districts can raise locally, or implementing measures to ensure that local dollars follow the child.

For example, education funding in Vermont is raised almost entirely at the state level using two statewide property tax levies—one for homesteads and another for non-homesteads. This alleviates disparities between districts of varying property wealth and helps ensure that all kids are funded fairly. Some states are also finding ways to give charters their fair share of local dollars. All districts in Colorado must distribute a per-pupil share of any additional mill levy revenue raised to charters, and in Florida charters are eligible to receive a per-pupil share of local capital funding under certain conditions.

**#3 Empower:** Deliver flexible education dollars and give families options outside of their residentially assigned public schools.

School leaders and families are best situated to make effective decisions with education resources. However, state and district K-12 policies too often limit local spending flexibility, leading to a situation where, according to a recent study from the American Institutes for Research, the average school principal has discretion over only 8% of their operational budget. Instead, state policymakers should empower district leaders by delivering most resources as unrestricted weighted student funding, as California’s Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) does. Research indicates wide support for this approach and has found that it has led to positive cultural shifts within districts, with 82% of superintendents agreeing that that LCFF allows them to better align goals, strategies, and resource allocation decisions.
Families are also restricted, as it’s often difficult, if not impossible, for kids to attend schools across catchment areas or district boundaries. To address this, policymakers can look to Florida’s Controlled Open Enrollment law, which allows kids to enroll in any public school in the state with few restrictions. Available data on the program are promising and show an increase in participation of more than 50% since implementation in 2016, with over 90% transferring to A or B rated districts.

**#4 Inform:** Shine light on how education dollars are allocated and spent.

Public education stakeholders don’t have access to basic financial data that are vital to making sound decisions. While budgets and financial statements are typically available, these documents are cumbersome and provide little context or meaning, making it difficult to compare trends across districts or schools. This is problematic, since education dollars are often allocated unfairly among districts, and research also shows that district formulas sometimes shortchange students in low-income communities.

Not only does robust transparency highlight these funding inequities, but it can also be used to replace top-down spending mandates that limit local flexibility over how dollars are spent. Policymakers should create a financial reporting system in which data are actionable and readily available in a centralized location. This can range from providing simple dashboards that provide meaningful comparisons to more-comprehensive platforms that integrate numerous data sources. Reports can include data on metrics such as funding equity, spending trends, school-level expenditures, right-sizing, open enrollment trends, and school capacity.

**VISION**

While each of these four reforms can be good for students on its own, it’s important to understand that they are most effective when put together. It’s easier to empower local leaders and allow families to move to the school of their choice when funding isn’t heavily dependent on zip codes. Similarly, it’s easier to fund all children fairly when disjointed, ad hoc school finance systems are simplified and streamlined. Even further, it’s easier for families and empowered leaders to be make good decisions for kids when they have access to high-quality financial data. The vision is to have a system that not only treats every child more fairly, but also one that better recognizes their individuality and allows for innovation and progress.
Most states have outdated school finance systems that allocate dollars unfairly and limit opportunities for kids. Instead, policymakers should adopt student-centered funding reforms that put families in the driver’s seat and allow educators to align spending with students’ needs.

**HOW IT WORKS**

1. Education dollars are pooled at the state level
2. State allocates funding based on student need
3. Families direct dollars to the option that best suits them
4. Flexible and transparent spending by school leaders

**STREAMLINE**
Allocate education dollars based on students’ needs using a weighted-student formula. This will ensure that funding is deployed strategically and transparently.

**EQUALIZE**
Determine funding levels based on students, not property wealth or zip code. Moving away from local property tax revenue will help support a fair and portable funding system.

**EMPOWER**
Deliver flexible education dollars and give families options outside of their residentially assigned public schools. School leaders and families are best situated to make effective decisions with education resources.

**INFORM**
Shine light on how education dollars are allocated and spent. Robust financial transparency can help public education stakeholders make sound decisions and compare trends across districts and schools.

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Reason Foundation’s Student-Centered Funding Roadmap for Policymakers
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